Article Preview:

The cultural norms of Renaissance Italy demanded that hierarchy was ever present and that equality was abhorred. According to Michael Rocke, Forbidden Friendships. Homosexuality and Male Culture in Renaissance Florence (New York/Oxford: Oxford U.P., 1996; pp. x+371. 35 [pounds sterling]), this behavioural prescription extended to male homosexual sex. Rocke's study of sodomy in Renaissance Florence, a model of measured prose and good historical practice, illustrates that sex was not something that took place between equals even when both participants were male. Most of the younger, 'passive' partners were between fourteen and eighteen; the vast majority of the older, 'active' partners were between twenty and forty. Sex was an indicator of power relations, and in the absence of submissive and hierarchically inferior females, boys who (as the saying went) 'let themselves be sodomised' were...
deviant transgressions of "Forbidden Friendships adds an important chapter to the history of homosexuality and through it places Florentine politics in the Renaissance in a new perspective."--Speculum. "A sort of Kinsey Report for Renaissance Florence...A must-read for gay scholars, [the book] is the first attempt to clearly quantify sexual norms for Renaissance Florence or, indeed, any other place at such an early date...Rocke certainly establishes bisexual and homosexual relationships long before John Addition Symonds's usage of the terms."--Journal of Homosexuality. About the Author. Michael Rocke's tome on male culture and sexuality in Renaissance Florence is a tremendous work that provides exceptional insight into male sexuality.