





Brunel University Research Archive / College of Business, Arts and Social Sciences / Dept of Arts and Humanities **Dept of Arts and Humanities Theses**

Please use this identifier to cite or link to this item: http://bura.brunel.ac.uk/handle/2438/6573

Title: Hypermasculinity and the hero in comic book fiction: This Is It

Authors: Connell, Daniel

Advisors: Fulton, D

Violence; Men; Baudrillard; Graphic novel; Lacan Keywords:

Issue Date: 2011

Abstract:

Publisher: Brunel University School of Arts PhD Theses

This thesis examines occurrences of hypermasculinity in examples from the genre of comic book fiction, utilizing textual evidence to suggest the current collection has re-iterated the more negative hypermasculine components of their source material: comic books. In doing so, the thesis compares the present novels with the creative element of the PhD submission - This Is It - a novel which serves as a critique of the prevalence of hypermasculinity in heroic figures within comic book fiction. By analyzing the sociological reasons behind hypermasculinity, and its subsequent effects, this thesis aims to make apparent the danger inherent with the continued association of hypermasculinity and hero figures in a new medium such as comic book fiction. It will also argue that the development of such a form divergent from comic books allows scope for a deconstruction of the hypermasculine comic book hero.

Description: This thesis was submitted for the degree of Docter of Philosophy and awarded by Brunel University on the 13th April 2011.

URI: http://bura.brunel.ac.uk/handle/2438/6573

Appears in **English and Creative Writing**

Collections: Dept of Arts and Humanities Theses

Εij	les	in T	his	Item:

File	Description	Size	Format	
Novel.pdf	Novel	2.55 MB	Adobe PDF	View/Open
FullTextThesis.pdf	Thesis	1.3 MB	Adobe PDF	View/Open

Show full item record



Hero-worship and aspirational hypermasculine role models abound in geek-friendly popular culture. We will examine the construction of the figures of male heroism that dominate modern media tagged as geek-oriented, with particular attention to science fiction. Participants completed a measure of hypermasculinity and anger was assessed before and after viewing the erotic video. A laboratory paradigm was then used to measure physical aggression toward a gay or heterosexual man. This chapter examines the discourse of heroes in Meiji Japan through its principal forms of representation, namely, history and fiction. In many cultures, the ideology of "masculine hegemony" finds cultural expression in the figure of the hero, whose exemplary masculinity compels imitation. Comic book stories are no longer the exclusive domain of geek subcultures. Part of that success lies in the appeal of an old-fashioned tale of good versus evil. The scenes of conflict and destruction in these films are viscerally exciting and certainly get the adrenaline pumping. What exactly is so appealing about this particularly aggressive form of hypermasculinity that it's become a worldwide movie obsession? Back before The Avengers were household names, superheroes were the domain of geekdom, and particularly "geek guys" who, to some degree, felt personally ostracised and disillusioned by the ideals of stereotypical tough-guy manhood in mainstream culture. portrayed in comics is right, and everyone, including the artists and creators of the lore, are problematic shitlords. But it has to be hypermasculinity, two men beating the shit out of each other just for manliness's sake. Right? Yes, I understand comics are not real, but to create engaging stories, in fiction be it in books or comics or games or plays or what have you, the characters can not be Mary Sues, they can't be perfect at everything the first time and instantly work well with others. And that's why the Avengers butt heads, because they are all deeply flawed. If you would like to see supe